SING YIN SECONDARY SCHOOL SYLLABUS FOR ECONOMICS (2016 – 2017)

FORM FOUR

Textbook Chan and Kwok, New Effective Economics 4AB HKEP

Objectives:

- 1 To let students acquire knowledge and understanding of general principles and concepts
- 2 To develop students' interest in the subjects
- 3 To develop students the skills of applying economic principles to real world situations
- 4 To train students the economic ways of thinking
- 5 To help students to acquire the following values:
 - a. Being respectful of other people's point of views
 - b. Being critical and objective towards social issues
 - c. Being respectful of private property rights

Syllabus Topics	Specific objectives	Periods
1. Basic economic concepts	 Students are expected to understand the following and apply the concepts to real world problems Economics as a social science Wants, Scarcity & Choice Choice & Opportunity cost Interest as a cost Free good and Scarce good Scope of economics Positive versus Normative analysis 	10
2. Economic activities and the choice problems	 Students are expected to understand the following and apply the concepts to real world problems Basic choice problems: What, How and For whom to produce? Ways of tackling the basic choice problems Scarcity, Competition and discrimination Private property rights Economic activities: Production & Specialization, Exchange and Consumption Circular flow model 	

3.	Production	Students are expected to understand the following and 10 apply the concepts to real world problems meaning of production Classification of output goods and services producer and consumer goods private and public goods Types of production Primary, secondary and tertiary production Factors of production Labour, land, capital and entrepreneurship
4.	Labour	 Students are expected to understand the following and 8 apply the concepts to real world problems Labour supply Labour productivity Labour mobility Wage payment methods Piece rate, time rate, commission and bonus (profit sharing) Division of labour Types, advantages, disadvantages and limitations
5.	Production runs and cost curves	 Students are expected to understand the following and 14 apply the concepts to real world problems Fixed factor and fixed cost Variable factor and variable cost Different measurement of output: marginal, average and total products Different measurement of production cost: marginal, average and total costs Short run production Law of diminishing marginal returns Relationship between marginal, average and total product Relationship between marginal, average and total cost Long run production Economies and diseconomies of scale U-shaped cost curves
6.	Business Ownership and Expansion of firms	 Students are expected to understand the following and 10 apply the concepts to real world problems Public enterprises Private enterprises: Sole trader, partnership and limited companies Ways of raising capital: shares and bonds Integration and expansion Internal versus external expansion Vertical, horizontal, lateral and conglomerate integration

7.	Competition and Marke structures	t Students are expected to understand the following and 10 apply the concepts to real world problems
		 Market as an arrangement of exchange Types of competition among firms: price and non-price competition
		 Market structures Market structures as conditions that affect competition within a market Factors affecting market structures Differences between perfect versus imperfect competition Features of perfect competition, monopoly, monopolistic competition and oligopoly.
8.	Demand & Supply	Students are expected to understand the following and 16 apply the concepts to real world problems
		 Law of demand and the ceteris paribus condition Individual demand and market demand meanings Distinction between changes in demand and changes in quantity demanded factors affecting demand
		 Individual supply and market supply meanings Distinction between changes in supply and changes in quantity supplied factors affecting supply
		 Market equilibrium Equilibrium price and quantity shortage and surplus adjustment towards equilibrium
		• Effects of changes in demand and supply on the price and the quantity transacted
		 Application of the demand-supply theory to the labour market Labour surplus and shortage Sticky wages as a cause of unemployment
9.	Law of demand and price	Students are expected to understand the following and 5 apply the concepts to real world problems
		 What is price? Relative price and money price Alchian Generalization Differences between the demand theory and the demand-supply model.

10.	Elasticity	Students are expected to understand the following and	10
10.	Liasticity	apply the concepts to real world problems	10
		apply the concepts to real world problems	
		nrias electicity of domands are electicity	
		• price elasticity of demand: arc elasticity	
		• factors affecting price elasticity of demand	
		• relationship between total revenue and elasticity of	
		demand	
		 price elasticity of supply: arc elasticity 	
		 factors affecting price elasticity of supply 	
		• elasticity and fluctuation in price and quantity	
		•	
11.	Market and efficiency	Students are expected to understand the following and	14
		apply the concepts to real world problems	
		apply the concepts to real world problems	
		• Consumer surplus	
		 Define the concept of consumer surplus 	
		■ Explain the condition for maximizing	
		consumer surplus.	
		• Demand and marginal benefit (MB)	
		■ Define MB in terms of the maximum	
		willingness to pay of consumers.	
		Define the law of diminishing marginal	
		willingness to pay	
		■ Derive the demand schedule from the	
		marginal benefit schedule	
		 Producer surplus and profit 	
		Define producer surplus and profit and	
		identify the difference.	
		Explain the condition for maximizing profit /	
		producer surplus	
		 Supply, marginal cost and minimum supply price 	
		 Suppry, marginal cost and minimum suppry price Derive the supply schedule from the marginal 	
		cost schedule	
		Explain the relationship between the marginal	
		cost and the minimum supply price.	
		• Efficiency	
		 Define efficiency in terms of total social 	
		surplus and explain the condition for it.	
		 Explain the relationship between deadweight 	
		loss and inefficiency.	
		Identify the loss from overproduction and	
		underproduction	
		Explain how and why perfect competition is	
		efficiency	
		■ Explain the allocative and the rationing	
		functions of the price.	
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Teaching Strategy:

- 1. Around 5 lessons will be left for revision and further training on the skills and technique in answering questions.
- 2. Current issues will be cited to illustrate the underlying principles.
- 3. Emphasizes should be put on the application of economic theory to the real world.
- 4. Group discussion and presentation will be used as the tools to facilitate cooperative learning and monitor students' understanding.

Signature of Teacher in charge

Checked by

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Mr. Li Chung Man